

### Features

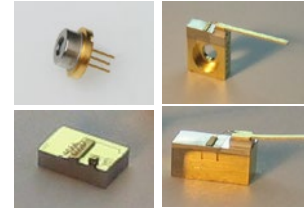
- Up to 3W CW output power
- High Quality, Reliability, & Performance

### Applications

- Graphics
- Laser Ranging
- Medical
- Defense

## Product Specifications

### 852nm Multi-Mode Laser Diodes 100µm emitter (1-3W)



### Description

High brightness, high quality, and high reliability are the foundation of our multi mode product line. Sheaumann's 852nm multi mode laser diodes are available with up to 3W of continuous output power from a 100µm single emitter chip. Sheaumann's trademark laser chip design creates unmeasurable degradation and long lifetimes that make our chips among the most reliable in the industry today. Our 852nm multi mode line serves a broad range of applications including graphics, medical, laser ranging, and defense.

Packaging options include industry standard 9mm TO-can, C-mount, B-mount, and QA-mount. More product options are available upon request. Please view our website for mechanical drawings of all of our sub-mounts.

### Performance Data for 852nm Multi-Mode Diodes

Parameter	Unit	1W Series			2W Series			3W Series		
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max
Wavelength	nm	847	852	857	847	852	857	847	852	857
Spectrum FWHM	nm	-	2	4	-	2	4	-	2	4
Operating Power (P <sub>o</sub> )	W	-	1.0	-	-	2.0	-	-	3.0	-
Operating Current (I <sub>o</sub> )	A	-	1.0	1.4	-	2.0	2.4	-	3.0	3.6
Operating Voltage (V <sub>o</sub> )	V	-	1.9	2.2	-	1.9	2.2	-	1.9	2.2
Lifetime	hour	10,000	-	-	10,000	-	-	10,000	-	-
Vertical Far Field	deg, FWHM	-	30	35	-	30	35	-	30	35
Parallel Far Field	deg, FWHM	-	8	11	-	8	11	-	8	11
Threshold (I <sub>th</sub> )	A	-	0.4	0.6	-	0.4	0.6	-	0.4	0.6
Slope Efficiency	W/A	1.0	1.2	-	1.0	1.2	-	1.0	1.2	-
Storage Temp.	°C	-40	-	80	-40	-	80	-40	-	80
Operating Temp. (T <sub>op</sub> )	°C	-20	25	50	-20	25	50	-20	25	50
Lead Soldering Temp.(5 sec)	°C	-	-	250	-	-	250	-	-	250

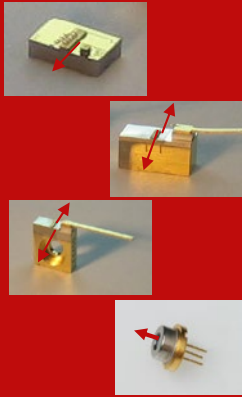
**Note:** Specifications are subject to change without notice. All Sheaumann Laser products are TE polarized

**Power Output  
Danger Label**



**WARNING!**

Invisible laser radiation is emitted from devices as shown below



**21 CFR 1040.10  
Compliance**

Because of the small size of these devices, each of the labels shown are attached to the individual shipping container. They are illustrated here to comply with 21 CFR 1040.10 as applicable under the Radiation Control for Health and Safety Act of 1968.

**Product Performance Data Graphs**

**Determining Your Product Number**

MM—WWW—PPPP—XYZ—(custom add-ons)  
(package)-(wavelength)-(power)-(options)

**Package:**

CM	C-mount
BM	B-mount
QA	Q-mount
M9	9mm TO-can

**Wavelength:**

852	852nm
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**Power Options:**

1000	1W
2000	2W
3000	3W

**X Option (aperture size)**

1	100um aperture
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**Y Option (wavelength tolerance)**

5	±5 nm
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**Z Option (additional options)**

0	none
P	photodiode

**Note:** These are our standard product configurations. Other options may be available, please inquire about any additional options that you may require when contacting our Sales Team.

**Standard Product Configurations**

<u>1W Series</u>	<u>3W Series</u>
CM-852-1000-150	CM-852-3000-150
BM-852-1000-150	BM-852-3000-150
QA-852-1000-150	QA-852-3000-150
M9-852-1000-150	
M9-852-1000-15P	
<u>2W Series</u>	
CM-852-2000-150	
BM-852-2000-150	
QA-852-2000-150	

**Safety**

Caution: Laser light emitted from any diode laser is invisible and may be harmful to the human eye. Avoid looking directly into the diode laser aperture when the device is in operation. **Note:** The use of optical instruments with this product will increase eye hazard.

**ESD Caution**

Always handle diode lasers with extreme care to prevent electrostatic discharge, the primary cause of unexpected diode failure. You can prevent ESD by always wearing wrist straps, grounding all applicable work surfaces, and following extremely rigorous anti-static techniques when handling diode lasers.

**Operating Considerations**

Operating the diode laser outside of its maximum ratings may cause device failure or a safety hazard. Power supplies used with the component must be employed such that the maximum peak optical power cannot be exceeded. CW diode lasers may be damaged by excessive drive current or switching transients. When using power supplies, the diode laser should be connected with the main power on and the output voltage at zero. The current should be increased slowly while monitoring the diode laser output power and the drive current. Device degradation accelerates with increased temperature, and therefore careful attention to minimize the case temperature is advised. A proper heat-sink for the diode laser on a thermal radiator will greatly enhance laser life.